Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2188.] PHILADELPHIA: THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 26, 1799. [VOLUME XVI.

The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

For *LIVERPOOL.*

The British letter-of-marque ship,

THE LONDON,

Samuel Roper, commander,

Burthen 300 tons, coppered to the bends and mounting 16 six-pounders. A great part of her cargo being ready to go on board, she is intended to sail as soon as possible——For freight or passage apply to the captain on board, or to

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

august 15 §

For FREIGHT or CHARTER,

FOR EUROPE,

THE BRIG

ENTERPRISE,

A staunch good Vessel, well fitted, about three years old, and will carry about 1500 Barrels—can be sent to sea immediately.

☞ For terms apply to Wharton and Lewis in Germantown, near the Market house.

Sept. 5, 1799. §

JUST ARRIVED,

In the ship Belvedere, John Frankford, commander, from Alicant and Gibraltar

308 PIPES BRANDY,

27 pipes
34 hogsheads
32 quarter casks } strong bodied RED WINE
15 butts
60 quarter casks } SHERRY
100 quarter casks Malaga Wine
290 kegs Raisins
450 boxes do.
94 jars do

FOR SALE BY

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH,

Who also offer for sale,

THE SAID SHIP

BELVEDERE.

SHE is New-York built, coppered to the bends, mounts 14 six-pounders, with small arms in proportion, and sails fast.

august 13 m w & f tf

FOR SALE.

TO GRAZIERS.

In pursuance of the last will and testament of General David Forman, deceased, will be exposed to sale, at public vendue, (on the premises) on Wednesday the 25th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day,

THAT very valuable FARM and PLANTATION, lying on the Long Marsh in Queen Anne's county, state of Maryland, containing about five hundred acres, about fifteen miles from Chester town, six from Church hill, and twelve from the head of Chester.

This property is an object of very great speculation, particularly to any person in the grazing line, and in fact to any person wishing to vest their money in lands. There is a very large proportion of said farm laid down in timothy, and will cut grass sufficient, I doubt not, to pay a neat profit of 500 dollars a-year. There are also about twenty acres more cleared and fit to lay down in grass; and what renders it more valuable is, that when once the timothy is well set, it will last any person's life time: And what is called the bed of the Marsh, (of which there is a considerable part belonging to this farm) the soil is from four to six feet deep, of a black rich loom, and will average from two and an half to three tons of timothy an acre; and for two years past all the hay which could be spared from the farm, has sold at the stack for five pounds a ton. The arable land is calculated for wheat, rye, Indian corn, and particularly for what is called kite-foot or bright tobacco; it is well timbered, and contains maple swamps, that when cleared, will make meadows equal to any on the farm.

Any person wishing to purchase, can view the premises on application to Mr. Stephen Forman, on said farm. The conditions of sale will be, one half the purchase money on the first day of January next, and the remainder on the first day of May following.

WILLIAM G. FORMAN,
Surviving Executor.

Sept. 17, 1799. 2awt25O.

By JAMES KINSEY, Esq.

Chief Justice of the supreme court of New-Jersey.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT upon application to me by Joseph P. Minnick, and John W. Bloomfield for themselves, by John W. Bloomfield in right of Ann his wife, William Bullus, John Moore, in the right of his wife Mary, John Bullus and Ruth Bullus, who claim an undivided sixth part of all that tract of land situate, lying and being in Springfield, Burlington county, containing eleven hundred and eighty-eight acres and a half of an acre or thereabouts, formerly devised by Mary Ludlam to Francis Bullus, who by his last will and testament devised the same tract to William Bowser, and John Turner in trust for Samuel Bullus his son in fee, which said Samuel Bullus by his deed bearing date on or about the 5th day of March 1796, conveyed the same to his children Francis Bullus, and the same Ann Bloomfield, formerly Ann Bullus, William Bullus, Mary Bullus, now Mary Moore, John Bullus and Ruth Bullus, I have nominated and appointed Job Lippencott, Esq. of Springfield aforesaid, Abraham Stockton and Chas. Ellis, both of the city of Burlington, commissioners, to divide the said tract into six equal shares or parts, and unless proper objections are stated to me on the 21st day of Nov. next, at my office in the city of Burlington at ten o'clok in the morning of that day, the said Job Lippencott, Abraham Stockton and Charles Ellis, will then be appointed the Commissioners to make petition of the said tract of land, pursuant to an act, entitled, "an act for the more easy petition of lands held by Co-partners, joint tenants, and tenants in common" passed the eleventh day of November in the year of our Lord 1789.—Given under my hand the 30th day of August A. D. 1799.

JAMES KINSEY.

sep. 2. d6w.

120,000 wt. COFFEE,
Chiefly prime quality, in bags and barrels,
AND
17 hhds. SUGAR,
Just arrived at New Castle,
In the schooner Adventure, Capt. Devereux, from Port Republicain, and for sale by

THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.

September 17, 1799. dtat.

JOHN MILLER, JUN.

No. 80, Deck, near Third Street.
Has for Sale.

Cossaes,
Bastas,
Mamoodies,
Taffaties,
Colicoes,
Patna
Romal and Mulmul } Handkerchiefs.

The foregoing goods are now to be sold at

REDUCED PRICES,

N.B. Many of these Goods may be printed to advantage in this country.

may 16 3awtf

Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers.

Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Young Hyson, & } TEAS.
Souchong,
Canton and Garden Fans,
Nankeens,
China Ware, assorted.
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks.

They have also remaining on Hand

Black Persians, Choppa and Pullicat Romalls,
And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual.

Thomas & Joshua Fisher.

4th mo 26 §

ROSS & SIMSON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

3000 pieces 1st and 2d quality Russia Duck,
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal } COSSAS HUMHUMS.
1100 bushels St. Martins Salt.

april 11 §

TO BE SOLD BY

JESSE & ROBERT WAIN.

Old Port Wine, in Pipes, Hhds. and quarter casks,

Also Landing at their Wharf

From on board the ship Edward from Lisbon.

Lisbon Wine, in pipes and qr. casks.

june 25 §

THE STORES

Of the Subscribers are continued open as usual.

THEY HAVE FOR SALE

70 hogsheads Molasses,
30 bales Surinam Cotton,
30,000 pounds green Coffee,
10 pipes old Port Wine,
100 boxes Claret,
50 kegs Pearl Barley,
30 boxes Tumblers, (assorted)
200 boxes 8 by 10 Window Glass,
40 tons Hemp.

Also an extensive variety of Silesia and other German Linens, Checks, &c. all which they will sell at reasonable prices and generous credits.

*** Application by letter or otherwise, will be immediately attended to.

PRATT and KINTZING.

Philadelphia, 5th Sept. 1799. mwf.9t

Fashionable Millinery.

ELIZA M'DOUGALL,

NO. 134, MARKET-STREET,

HAS just received per ship Thomas Chalkley and Adriana, from London, an elegant assortment of the most fashionable MILLINERY, viz.

Chemille rosette FEATHERS
Fancy flowers
Black tiffany flowers
Wreaths
Pink, yellow and blue crape, full dress caps
Do. do. and do. Nelson's bonnets
Infant's pipe straw bonnets
Maid's fancy do. do.
Women's do. do. do.
Do. do. shades
Do. do hats
Fancy bugle shoe roses
Do. do. trimmings
Black, white, blue, yellow, pink and orange crape
Black, white and green gauze veils
Do. gauze cloaks

N. B. And per Harmony, just arrived, a further assortment of Millinery.

June 26 eotf.

NOTICE.

Bank of North America,

SEPT. 9, 1799.

THOSE Persons who have Notes or Bills to pay at this Bank, are informed

That regular Notices will be put under sealed covers, directed to the respective payers and lodged in the Post-Office, every Monday until the return of the citizens.

RICHARD WELLS, *Cashier.*

d12t

CATTLE.

About Sixty-Six Head for disposal.

☞ Enquire of MATTHIAS BORDLEY, at the Island in Wye River, Eastern Shore, Maryland; or in case of writing, direct to him at Easton, Talbot County, Maryland.

Wye, *Sept.* 2, 1799. §

TO BE LET.

Until the 15th of November next,

A safe Retreat from Philadelphia,

In a pleasant situation, about three miles from town.

Application left at the Printer's, addressed to A. B. will be attended to.

august 22 tf.

SAMUEL POTTER, WM. PAGE,
AND
THOMAS PRICE,

HAVE removed to GERMANTOWN, between the five and six mile stone, where they have for sale, a general assortment of DRY GOODS, a great part of which they have just received by the ship Boyne from London, via New York.

N. B. Letters (Per Post) addressed to them Philadelphia, will be regularly forwarded.

Sept. 3, 1799. d2w&tuthsa tf

ROBERT KID's
COPPER WAREHOUSE,
NO. 201, *MARKET-STREET.*

Late ALEXANDER BILSLAND & Co.

HAS JUST RECEIVED

31 Tons Patent Improved sheathing Copper & Nails, *viz.*
20, 22, 24, 26, & 28 oz. per foot,
1 & 1 1/8 inch Polished & unpolished Sheathing Nails,
80 boxes of Tin.

LIKEWISE ON HAND,

A Large assortment of Raised and Copper bottoms and sheets for Copper-Smiths,
Lead & Block Tin,
And a General assortment of Ironmongery for sale as above.

August 15. w&stf.

Patent Ploughs,

TO be sold for cash by Joseph Salter at Assion Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jesse Evans, Lumberton. Those who have used them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require less team, break the ground better, are kept in order at less expence and are sold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much simplified and consists of but one piece of cast iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulters to be put on with screws and taken off at pleasure

Patent rights for vending with instructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the subscriber No. 212 North Front-street.

Who has for Sale;
Or to Lease for a term of Years,

A number of valuable tracts of Land, well situated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, mostly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon state of Pennsylvania. Those who may incline to view them will please to apply to John Canan esq. near Huntingdon.

Charles Newbold.

july 17 12awtf

THE PARTNERSHIP

TRADING under the Firms of HARTSHORNE, LARGE & Co. and JESSE & ROBERT WAIN, was dissolved 1 mo. 1st, 1798, and the partnership trading under the firm of HARTSHORNE & LARGE, was dissolved 15th of the 4th month last, all persons indebted to either of the above firms are requested to make immediate payment, and those that have demands to present their accounts.

7 mo. 13th d3m

THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,

Joshua B. Bond.
John Brooks.

april 1 §

Samuel Miles, jun'r.

Of the city of Philedelphia, merchant, having assigned over all his effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers, for the benefit of such of his creditors as may subscribe to the said assignment on or before the first of August next.

Notice is hereby given,

To all persons indebted to the said estate, that they are requested to make immediate payment to either of the assignees or to the said Samuel Miles, who is authorised to receive the same; in failure whereof legal steps will be taken for the recovery of such debts, as are not discharged accordingly.

GEORGE ASTON,
CORNELIS COMEGYS, } Assignees
JOHN ALLEN,

feb. 14. 3awtf

FOR SALE,

A variety of Lots, many of them very advantageously situated north of the city of Philadelphia, in different parts of the Land known as the Estate of the late William Martin, Esq—many of the lots afford valuable sites for Country seats, not excelled by any within the same distance of the City, other lots are well adapted for Garden Grounds, Pasture &c. a third description is well calculated for buildings fronting upon Frankford road, Second, Third, and Fourth streets continued to the German Town Road and also on Cross Roads designed to be laid out from Fourth Street to Turners Lane, to which the property extends—For further particulars, application to be made to

NICHOLAS HOLYDAY.

on the Premises westward of Fourth Street.

8 july dtf.

A beautiful Country Seat, for Sale

SITUATED on the bank of the Delaware joining lands of Matthias Sipler and Mr. John Duffield, 13 miles from Philadelphia and 7 miles from Bristol.

The buildings consist of a new two story Frame House and Kitchen adjoining—3 rooms on a floor, a Piazza the whole front of the House, a Pump of excellent water, also a good garden and orchard—10 acres of land will be sold with the premises, but more can be had if required. There is a gravelly shore at the river, the water stages for Burlington pass every day in the summer season, and the land stages for New-York within half a mile; any person inclining to purchase may know the terms of sale and other particulars by enquiring at No. 12, Dock-street, or No. 161, South Second-street.

june 1.

OFFICE
FOR THE SALE OF
REAL ESTATES,
AGENCY & COMMISSION BUSINESS
NO. 14 *CHESNUT-STREET,*
Between 2d & Front-streets, Philadelphia.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Being solicited thereto by a number of his friends, takes this method to acquaint the Public, that he has this day opened the above Office, and has for sale the following property, viz.

TWO excellent well built frame houses, two rooms on a floor, completely finished in Christian, between Third and Fourth streets, Southwark; two frame houses at the corner of Fifth and Christian streets; one three story brick, and one two story frame house in Queen street; one good accustomed tavern in German street, between Third and Fourth streets, Southwark, known by the name of Weeks's Tavern.

One Plantation and tract of Land in Salem County, New-Jersey, containing, 70 acres, with a frame dwelling house, and other improvements thereon, together with a good proportion of wood land—the above lies near a public landing. Also, 25 acres of wood land in Cumberland county, New Jersey; a number of valuable lots to be let on ground rent, in the district of Southwark.

Ground rents and debts collected with promptness and address, by the Publics'

Most obedient
Humble servant,
JOSEPH H. FLEMING.

N. B. A smart *LAD* wanted, of good connexions, who writes a tolerable hand.

august 25 tu th.sat. 3w

TO BE SOLD,

An Invoice of Woollens,

CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths,—principally Dark Blue, and printed Cassimeres ——apply to

Owen & Jonathan Jones,
No. 151 Market-street.

april 29 §

Received by the ship Adriana, captain Carlton, from London,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HAIR SEATINGS,

Suitable for chair and sopha covers, consisting of striped and plain, and of the following widths, *viz.* 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 26, 28, 30 and 32 inches.

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE PENNOCK,

july 8 eotf

Joseph H. Fleming, has removed his Agency and Commission Office, from No. 14, Chesnut street, to his house at the Rising Sun village, on the Germantown road, near the 4th mill stone, where he still continues his business.—Several persons having already applied to him for the purpose of collecting debts, looking out lands, recording deeds, &c. in different parts of this and other States—he solicits the further patronage of the public before he proceeds on his journey.

N. B He would have no objection against travelling to the British or Spanish territories, to transact business for Gentlemen.

august 28 1aw3w.

DUTY ON CARRIAGES.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT agreeably to an act of Congress of the United States of America passed at Philadelphia the 28th day of May, 1796, laying duties on carriages for the conveyance of persons, and repealing the former acts for that purpose—That there shall be levied, collected and paid, upon all carriages for the conveyance of persons, which shall be kept by or for any person, for his or her own use, or to let out to hire, or for the conveying of passengers, the several duties and rates following to wit;

	Dolls.
For and upon every coach	15
upon every charriot	12
upon every post charriot	12
upon every post chaise	12
upon every phæton with or without top	9
upon every coachee	9
upon other carriages, having pannel work above, with blinds, glasses or curtains	9
upon four wheel carriages, having framed posts and tops, with steel springs	6
upon four wheel top carriages with wooden or iron springs on jacks	3
upon curricles with tops	3
upon chases with tops	3
upon chairs with tops.	3
upon sulkies with tops	3
upon other two wheel top carriages	3
upon two wheel carriages with steel or iron springs	
upon all other two wheel carriages	2
upon every four wheel carriage, having framed posts and tops, and resting upon wooden spars	2

The Collector of the Revenue of the 1st division of the first survey of the district of Pennsylvania, will attend daily until the 30th day of September next for the purpose of receiving the duties on carriages, at No. 49, North 3d Street, in the city of Philadelphia, of which all persons possessed of such carriages are desired to take notice.

Notice is also given,

To all real dealers in wines and foreign distilled spiritous liquors, that licences will be granted to them; one licence for carrying on the business of retailing of wines in a less quantity, or in less quantities than twenty gallons, at the same time and at the same place, by

JAMES ASH,
Collector of the first division of the first survey of the district of Pennsylvania.

Office of inspection at Philadelphia,
August 1st, 1799.

N. B. THE STAMP OFFICE AND OFFICE OF INSPECTION IS REMOVED TO GERMANTOWN, the first house above the sign of the King of Prussia.

☞ Every denomination of Stamped paper to be had at said office.

August 15 12w1t30S.

JUST RECEIVED,
From the BOSTON Manufactory,
A QUANTITY OF
WINDOW GLASS,
Of different sizes.
FOR SALE BY,
ISAAC HARVEY, JUN.

N. B. Any size or sizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from said manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpose—— Apply at No. 9, South Water-street, as above.

july 8 dtf

NOTICE.

The subscribers being duly authorised to receive all the debts and effects of James Wilkins, of Philadelphia, all those indebted to him are cautioned against making payment to any other persons.

DANIEL SMITH,
GIDEON H. WELLS,

August 26th, '99, eod1m.

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of Col. Edward Oldham (deceased) late of Cœcil County, Maryland, are hereby warned to exhibit the same immediately, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber.

EDWARD OLDHAM, Jun.
Attorney for Mary Oldham, Ex'rx.
Bohemia Manor, Cœcil County, Maryland, Sept. 1, 9799. } 3tawtm.

NOTICE.

To the Creditors of Joseph Alexander,

LATE of Lewistown, in the county of Mifflin, and commonwealth of Pennsylvania; who was a partner of the firm of *Johnson & Alexander*, I have applied to the Judges of the court of Common pleas, in and for the county of Mifflin aforesaid, for the benefit of the laws of the said commonwealth, made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and they have appointed the second Tuesday of September next, for a hearing of me and my creditors at Lewistown, in said county, of which, please to take notice.

JOSEPH ALEXANDER.

august 23 §

THIS is to give notice, That the Subscriber, of Elkton, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Cecil County, in Maryland, letters of Administration, on the personal estate of *SAMUEL HEWETT*, late of said County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned, to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the Subscriber, at or before the first day of March next—They may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 15th day of August, 1799.

JOHN MILLER, *Adm'r.*

aug. 17. d5w

TO BE LET,
From the 1st of October next,

The STORES & WHARF,

ADJOINING the Drawbridge, now occupied by Mr. Joshua Gilpin.——The terms may be known by applying at No. 258, Market-street.

july 29 3tawtf

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Chesnut, near Sixth street, directly opposite CONGRESS HALL,

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Chesnut street and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame house, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge subject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous situation of this property requires no comments, for it must be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaser. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

no. 198. Chesnut street, next door to the premises.

march 5 tu th sat f

TO BE SOLD,

TWO new frame two Story Houses pleasantly situated near the Jolly Post Tavern, upper end of the Village of Frankford. There are in each house, besides a kitchen, two rooms on the first floor; three on the second, with roomy garrats, all well finished; there are also to each, a good garden lot, stable and coach house. Part goods will be taken in payment. Any persons wishing to become purchasers are requested to view the premises, and for terms apply to

JOHN McCLELLEN.

Frankford, July 13 eotf

SALE
OF
The Springetsbury Grounds.

ON Thursday the 26th September, at two o'clock P. M. at the Upper Ferry on Schuylkill, will commence, the sale of the remaining lots of the Springetsbury Estate.

Purchasers paying one fourth of the money down, may have credit for the remainder as follows:

Six months from the day of sale for one fourth,
Nine months from ditto one fourth,
Twelve months from ditto one fourth,

J. CONNELLY, and Co.
Auctioneers. §

HALF A CENT REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 8th inst. an apprentice lad, named *Joseph Barnet*, paper maker by trade, about 20 years of age five feet eight or ten inches high, light complexion, down look, wore his hair queued, remarkable for being a noted liar, had on when he went away a hat half worn, brown mixture cloth coatee, striped velvet waistcoat, and many other clothes.

Any person that will take the said apprentice up and bring him home shall receive the above reward and no charges paid.

PETER BECHTEL.

Lower Merion Township, Montgomery County, September 10, 1799. 2aw3w.

Philadelphia, 7th Sept. 1799.

MR. FENNO,

Incloſed I ſend you a letter from the committee of correſpondence for Waſhington county, covering a certificate from a number of the moſt reſpectable gentlemen in that county, proving Mr. JAMES ROSS of Pittſburgh's attachment to the Chriſtian Religion, in contradiction to a falſe and ſcandalous report propogated and induſtriouſly circulated, by the friends to Mr. M'Kean's election. "that Mr. Roſs is an Atheiſt, a Deiſt," &c. I have known Mr. Roſs from his youth, and his father and friends of York county, where he was born, and a more religious and virtuous family is not to be produced. In my long acquaintance with him, I have never heard an irreligious or indelicate expreſſion from him, and believe him to be a moral, wiſe and virtuous citizen, a good Chriſtian, and well qualified to fill the important office of Governor.

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH.

Waſhington, August 28, 1799.

SIR,

THE committee in this county for promoting the election of Mr. Roſs, have learnt where Mr. Roſs is leſs known than here, currency is given by the enemies to his election, (the ſame conſcientious men who ſupported the election of Mr. Jefferſon,) to a report, that Mr. Roſs is a *Deiſt*.

To prevent the effect of this report, one of the committee in this town, where Mr. Roſs lived more than ten years, and until about five years ago, applied to ſuch elders and other perſons, noted for their piety and regard for religion, as have known Mr. Roſs during the whole of this time, and as eaſily could be applied to, and they chearfully ſigned the encloſed certificate. It was regretted that the abſence of the Rev. John M'Millan, (who is the miniſter neareſt to this place, is intimately and has been about twenty years well acquainted with Mr. Roſs, and is zealous for his election,) and of the other Preſbyterian miniſters in this neighbourhood, who are now ſitting in Preſbytery, more than ſixty miles from this town, prevented the obtaining of their contradiction to this falſe and malicious report. But it was not tho't prudent for the ſake of this, to ſuffer the report to gain force, by the delay of another week's poſt: eſpecially as thoſe who have ſigned, are diſtinguiſhed characters, for good ſenſe, honeſty and piety, and reſpectable for their ſtations in ſociety. Mr. Alliſon is judge of this county, Mr. Swearenger, Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Ritchie are juſtices of the peace, and the laſt has been a member of aſſembly. Mr. Cott n and Mr. Brice, are county commiſſioners, and the laſt has been a member of aſſembly. Mr. Cunningham is a ſubſtantial merchant and Mr. Mercer a ſubſtantial farmer. Theſe gentlemen being all in town at the time, were readily applied to, and you may be aſſured, that the certificate of any one of them, is ſufficient to outweigh the report. Many more names could have been obtained, but to ſeek numbers was thought to be giving too much reſpect to the ſlander, and a ſelection of a few unqueſtionable characters was thought beſt.

The preſence of the Rev. John Smith, of Cannonſburgh, a learned and reſpectable Seceder miniſter, who, about three years ago, removed to this country from Octorara, in Lancaſter county, enabled us to procure his certificate alſo, and upon this we are content to reſt the character of Mr. Roſs and of ourſelves.

We could with as much eaſe have obtained as poſitive a denial of all the other malicious reports lately propagated againſt Mr. Roſs, and we do pledge ourſelves that they are falſe. But we thought it not of conſequence to do ſo, as they are, we truſt, generally known to be falſe; and as ſuch reports from unprincipled and deſigning men are uſually expected on ſuch occaſions. But there are ſo few means of aſcertaining the credit due to a report of infidelity and a reſpect for religion is of ſuch importance in public ſtations, that we thought it a duty to our fellow citizens to diſprove the aſperſion of *deism*.

Leaſt, therefore, this aſperſion ſhould miſlead good people, unacquainted with Mr. Roſs, the committee here requeſt that you will publiſh, if you think proper, theſe documents in the newſpapers or in hand bills, as you think beſt, and in ſuch manner as you think moſt fit. The original of theſe certificates is in the hands of the committee of Franklin county.

A. ADDISON,
Chairman of the committee of Waſhington co.

Waſhington, (P.) Aug. 26th 1799.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

WE the ſubſcribers, regular members of ſundry Preſbyterian congregations in the county of Waſhington, have heard with ſurpriſe and regret, that among the many ſlanderous reports propagated againſt the reſpectable character of James Roſs, Eſq. of Pittſburgh, who has been propoſed to be choſen governor of Pennſylvania, one is that he is a *Deiſt*.

We truſt that we have a ſincere regard ſo truth and religion, and we feel ourſelves bound by the duties we owe to both, ſo far as our teſtimony can go to remove from our fellow citizens, this obſtruction to the free exerciſe of our votes in favour of Mr. Roſs. God forbid that we ſhould aſſiſt in placing in ſuch an important a ſtation, a man defective in reſpect for religion. And we but obey the dictates of our own conſciences in making the following declaration of what we know of Mr. Roſs, from our own obſervation and indubitable information.

Mr. Roſs was born of reſpectable and pious parents, of the Preſbyterian church in York county in this ſtate, and received from them a religous education. He is well inſtructed in the ſcriptures and the doctrines of chriſtianity as held by our church; and we are perſuaded believes and reſpects them. He lived long in this town, and longer in this county, and we have had good opportunities of knowing him. Where he has lived, there has not been any ſtated miniſter, and only occaſional ſupplies for public worſhip. But he has contributed to the ſupport of public worſhip where he lived, and attended it regularly and there is nothing known to us to juſtify the imputation that he is an infidel or deiſt, and we think this imputation falſe and malicious.

In witneſs whereof we have hereto ſet our hands.

A Swearenger, Robert Stockton, Joſeph Wherry } Elders of Waſhington Congregation.
John Cotton, James Brice } Elders of Buffaloe Congregation.
James Mitchell, Elder of Peters Congrega.
John Mercer, James Alliſon, Craig Richie } Elders of Chartiers Congregation.
Alexander Cunningham.

Since I lived in Waſhington county, I have had opportunity of converſing and being well acquainted with James Roſs, Eſq. of Pittſburgh, and of knowing his character from ſerious and reſpectable perſons well acquainted with his opinions and converſation, and I am well perſuaded that he is ſincerely reſpectful of the Chriſtian Proteſtant Religion, and do verily believe that the report of his being an infidel or deiſt is altogether without foundation.

JOHN SMITH,
Miniſter of Aſſociated Congregation Chartiers.

At a meeting of a number of the citizens of Philadelphia, convened by public notice, at the Union ſchool-houſe, in Germantown, on Saturday the 21ſt of Sept. 1799, for the purpoſe of nominating ſuitable perſons to fill the ſeveral offices which will become vacant at the enſuing Election.—

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH,
was appointed Chairman:

Whereupon it was unanimouſly reſolved, That the wiſdom, integrity, *real* patriotiſm, *uniform* principles, and *affable* demeanor of JAMES ROSS, of Pittſburgh, eminently qualify him for the dignified ſtation of *Chief Magiſtrate* of this commonwealth, and juſtly entitle him to the ſuffrages of his fellow-citizens; and that the perſons compoſing this meeting will give their votes, and exerciſe their influence, to promote his election to that office.

Reſolved unanimouſly, That this meeting approves of the nomination of JOHN JONES, of Lower Dublin, by their fellow citizens of this county; and will ſupport him and JOSEPH BALL, at the enſuing election, as *Senators*, for the diſtrict compoſed of the city and county of Philadelphia and of the county of Delaware.

Reſolved unanimouſly, That *Michael Keppele, Samuel W. Fiſher, William Hall, George Fox, Godfrey Haga, and Robert Frazer*, deſerving and poſſeſſing the confidence of this meeting, be recommended to the choice of our fellow-citizens as Members of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

Reſolved unanimouſly, that the gentlemen whoſe names are mentioned in the following tickets, are well qualified to ſerve our fellow-citizens in the corporation of Philadelphia.

Select Council.

Samuel Mickle Fox, Samuel Coates, John Miller, junior, and Abijah Dawes.

Common Council.

Kearney Wharton, John Rugan, Thomas Cuthbert, Joſeph M'Goffin, Laurence Herbert, Daniel Smith, Henry Drinker, jun Michael Keppele, Thomas P. Cope, Joſeph Hopkinſon, Thomas Parker, George Plumſted, Gideon Hill Wells, Malcom M'Donnald, Caſpar W. Morris, Jonathan Jones, Paſchal Hollingsworth, Edward Pennington, Timothy Paxſon, and James Milnor.

Reſolved, That J. Wall, M. Keppele, and Joſhua Humphreys be a committee to ieform our fellow-citizens of the county of Delaware, that this meeting approves of the nomination of *John Jones*, of Lower Dublin, and earneſtly requeſts their concurrence and ſupport in favour of the ſaid *John Jones* and *Joſeph Ball*, at the enſuing election.

Ordered, that the minutes of the proceedings of this meeting be ſigned by the Chairman and Secretary, and publiſhed in the Philadelphia newſpapers.

Levi Hollingsworth, chairman.
Z. Poulſon, jun. ſecretary.

M'KEAN.

To the Editor of the York Herald.

SIR,

Pleaſe to inſert the following letter, and oblige your's, &c. J. C.

To the Honourable THOMAS M'KEAN, Eſq. *Doctor of Laws, Chief Juſtice of the State of Pennſylvania, &c. &c. &c.*

SIR,

I ſcarcely thought it poſſible among the viciſſitudes of human affairs, that I ſhould have to addreſs you through the channel of a Newſpaper; but it ſeems the period has arrived, when it has become neceſſary for me, in order to contradict the vile ſlander that has been propogated, and the odium attempted to be thrown upon me, by thoſe, who I preſume, act by your authority; I mean certain *Addreſſers of the Public* in this place, that have, through the medium of your *friend* Solomon Myer's preſs, among other things ſtated, "Another charge is, "that M'Kean ſhould have ſaid, that York "county was a Tory county; but the truth "is, Mr. M'Kean never either expreſſed "or entertained ſuch an opinion. It is the "fabrication of party men, and circulated "with a view, to prejudice the people of "York county againſt our Republican can "didate."

Whether the above charge is true, and the aſſertion of your friends untrue, I leave you and the public to determine, when I ſolemnly declare, that you, at the houſe of *John Watſon*, Eſq. in Mifflin county, in the preſence of the honorable *Edward Shippen* and *Edward Shippen Burd* Eſqs. did aſſert, without any previous provocation, "that the people of York ſupported the "Britiſh Corporal, and were a pack of "*damn'd Tories*;" and I replied they were "as good *Whigs* as your *Honor*," &c.

At another time, at Hartley's Tavern, near Bedford, in the preſence of a *Mr. Shields*, you ſaid "the members of Aſ"ſembly from York county, were *damn'd* "*fools*; and that you could not get them to do what you wanted?" to which I replied that was the reaſon the county ſent ſuch men, for was it known that *you* had any influence over them, they never would be elected. At another time, I heard you ſay "York was a *Tory county*," and I then replied it was not, nor would I ſuffer ſuch ſlander. I have alſo heard you ſay, that every word of the letter written by Mr. *Jefferſon*, to *Mazzei*, was *true*; and that "General *Waſhington*, had done great deal "of good during the Revolution, but a great "deal of miſchief ſince that period."

Thoſe who wiſh for further information, reſpecting your aſſertions, and conduct, at the times and places above mentioned, have an opportunity of ſatisfying themſelves, by applying to the gentlemen whoſe names with reluctance, I have been thus publicly obliged to mention; and as to the other aſſertions, if neceſſary, I am willing to make oath of. I am ſorry that you and thoſe whom I have above alluded to, have made it neceſſary for me, thus publicly, to ſtate the facts; and the conſequences that may ariſe therefrom, you and them will know to whoſe account they ought to be placed.

With a hope that you may not be elected Gevernor, and a wiſh that you may remain in the ſtation you now hold, I am,
Sir, your moſt obedient,
JOHN CLARK.

York, Sept. 13, 1799.

MILLY ANDRE & Co.

HAVE not removed out of town, and they have for ſale at their healthy ſtore, No. 88, Market-ſtreet corner of ſouth Third ſtreet, A general aſſortment of DRY GOODS,

ALSO,

Juſt received from Virginia,
19 hogſheads of beſt Virginia TOBACCO

they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms.
Sept. 23. 3teod

140 barrels Green COFFEE,
FOR SALE,
By SIMON & HYMAN GRATZ,
No. 232, *Market Street.*

WHO HAVE ALSO ON HAND,
150 qr. cheſts Hyſon Skin TEA, 30 qr. cheſts Hyſon ditto, 10 cheſts Bohea ditto, } *of latest importation.*
Sept. 18. dim.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That the ſubſcriber living at George Town, croſs roads in that county and ſtate of Maryland, hath obtained letters of adminiſtration on the perſonal eſtate of William Dinsmoore, late of Kent County, merchant, deceaſed.

All perſons having any claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are requeſted to exhibit them properly authenticated, either to the ſubſcriber or to William Barroll, Eſq her atterney, living in Cheſter Town Maryland.

All perſons indebted to the deceaſed, either on Bond, Bill, note or account, are earneſtly requeſted to diſcharge the ſame without delay, otherwiſe ſuits will be commenced againſt them.

ISABELLA DINSMOORE, Adminiſtratrix of William Dinsmore deceaſed.
George Town Croſs-Roads Kent County.
Auguſt 31, 1799. dam.

On Tueſday the 1ſt of October next, at the Robin Hood tavern, on the Falls road, at 11 o'clock A. M, will be ſold by public auction,

About eighty acres of Land,

LAYING 4 miles from Philadelphia, on the eaſt ſide of the Falls road, which bounds it on the weſt, and contiguous to lands of Mr. Clement Biddle, Mrs. Elſmbrey, Mr. Thomas Ketland, Mr. Montmollin, Mr. Thomas Clifford, Mr. Wilſon and others. A road of two perches, leading from the Falls road, at the top of the Robin Hood hill, runs eaſt through this land, and gives an eaſy acceſs to the whole, which will be divided into lots of 7 to 10 acres, to ſuit the purchaſers. The number of beautiful ſcites on this land, its healthy ſituation and pleaſant neighbourhood, will no doubt attract the attention of the public. The whole now lays open, and a plot of it may be ſeen at the Robin Hood tavern after the 20th inſt. The terms will be made known at the time of ſale.

CONNELLY & Co. Auc't'rs.
Septemper 14 dts.

Philadelphia, Sept. 24th, 1799.

SALES
of the following Lots,

advertiſed the 20th inſt. poſtponed in conſequence of unfavourable weather, until
FRIDAY, the 27th inſtant,
At one o'clock, AM.

At which time will be Sold,
On the Premiſes,

ONE TRACT, containing about 50 acres, lying in Springfield townſhip, Montgomery county, fronting on a public road leading from Abington, diſtance therefrom four miles, and one mile and an half from Flour Town. The country is *remarkably healthy*, and ſituation for a farm or country ſeat beautiful, ſoil good, and lime ſtone plenty.

Alſo upwards of fifty acres, *choice young cheſnut timber land*, divided in convenient lots, ſituate in Upper Dublin townſhip, nearly oppoſite to the above. To be ſold as part of the eſtate of the late Caleb Emlen, deceaſed, by

JAMES VAUX,
CHARLES PLEASANTS,
Attorneys in fact to M. Emlen ſole Executrix.
dt27S.

Foreign Intelligence.

TURKEY, June 10.

From the Vienna Gazette.

The following authentic accounts have been received of the ſituation of affairs in Syria. On the 29th of April, Commodore Sir Sidney Smith had ſent intelligence from Acre, that Buonaparte (who conducts the ſeige of St. John d'Acre in perſon) had already waſted ſix weeks before that wretched place, without having made any impreſſion on it. The fire of two Engliſh ſhips of war and ſix gun-boats, in the whole 80 pieces of artillery, which, at every aſſault, played upon the flank of the French, killed great numbers of their men. Since then a letter, dated the 16th of May, has been received from a ſecretary of the Commodore, at Smyrna, from which it appears that Buonapate had made nine unſucceſsful attacks, and that the Pacha had made a ſally, in which eight French generals, (Caffarelli, Laſcalle, Langier, Laſne, Devoz, Vaux, Rampen, and Duguet) 80 officers, and 4000 common men, were killed.

The Druſſes, full of confidence in the Commodore, and love for the Engliſh, behaved excellently. The beſt underſtanding prevails between the Engliſh and the Turks. The enemy's army is greatly weakened, both in number and phyſical ſtrength; full of diſcontent, which is loudly expreſſed; in want of every thing, and has loſt all credit among the inhabitants of the country, on account of the ill ſucceſs of the undertaking.

According to ſome private accounts, the communication between Buonaparte and the reſt of his troops is cut off.

The Grand Vizier was yeſterday at Nicomedia, on his march for Syria.

LONDON, July 24.

Mr. Fox is ſaid to be ſo much in love with the habits and comforts of moral life and retirement, that 'tis thought ſhould his friends forcibly draw him out to the battle of politics and public life, he would be *awkward at any Game.*

Jean Debry's promotion to the office of Preſident of the Council of Five hundred is no doubt the reward of an eſcape, which perhaps not one in five hundred could have effected.

The learned men whom Buonaparte carried with him on his expedition muſt have proved of infinite ſervice to him on various occaſions; for although his army has ſo often been totally cut off both by ſword and famine, we find that they are ſoon again in a ſituation to take the field.—This effect doubtleſs muſt have been produced by ſome ſcientific operation, for we cannot ſuppoſe that every man in the army was a John Debry, and ſaved by a miracle.

The ſailor who ordered his limbs to be put into a gun and ſhot off at the enemy, took a better method to be canonized for a hero, than the Pope himſelf could have ſuggeſted?

It appears from Mr. Park's travels, that in Africa crim. con. is puniſhed with *ſtripes*. This is a clear proof of the *barbariſm* of theſe people. How it would ſhock the feelings of a civilized nation to ſee a *faſhionable intrigue* puniſhed like a *petty larceny*.

Elopement.—A young lady at Baden, in Wilts, has eloped with a Ruſtic, diſtinguiſhed in that neighbourhood as a famous wreſtler, determined, it ſeems, to try a fall with him.

Improvement in the art of Printing.—Mr. Cunningham, of Southampton, has diſcovered a method of making and keeping printing balls, without the ſmalleſt taint of that noxious and highly offenſive proceſs hitherto made uſe of. Beſides cleanlineſs, the invention has economy to recommend it, as at leaſt half the preſent expence of that article will be ſaved; and, what appears extraordinary, the balls in a few minutes may be altered from black to red, or vice verſa, without the ſmalleſt detriment to either colour.

To BOTANISTS, GARDENERS *and* FLORISTS.

AND to all other ladies and gentlemen, curious in ornamental, rare exotic or foreign plants and flowers, cultivated in the green houſe, hot houſe, or ſtove, and in the open ground—A large and numerous variety of ſuch rarities is now offered for ſale, being the acquirement of many years earneſt application, great aſſidnity, and conſiderable expence.

The preſent proprietor having, from the natural growth and ſucceſsful increaſe of his plants, as well as from frequent other acquirements and additions to his collection, ſo far increaſed it as to render the allotted apartments not ſufficiently large and commodious, is induced to make this offer, or ſacrifice. After reſerving a general and ſuitable ſtock, he has to ſpare a well aſſorted and great variety of thoſe things, comprizing a beautiful collection, ſufficient to decorate, furniſh, and ornament *a ſpacious or handſome green-houſe* AT ONCE. The whole collection, for *that department*, will be ſold on very moderate and eaſy terms; or the proprietor may be induced to divide it into two equal lots; but he does not on any account intend to allow them to be ſelected or culled out by ſeparately ſelling ſingle plants or ſmall lots in any thing like a retail way.

The whole is a truly valuable collection, ſuch as is very rarely to be met with for ſale on this ſide the Atlantic—indeed a moiety of them would compriſe a very deſirable and extenſive variety, conſiſting of many or moſt of the tropical fruits, and other rare and curious finely ornamental trees, ſhrubs, and plants, with a numerous and abundant aſſortment of choice bulbous, tuberous, and fibrous rooted flowering and ornamental plants in mixtures; all of good or ſuperior kinds, as may be ſeen by the catalogue. For which, and for any further neceſſary information, pleaſe to apply to John Cummings, at the Alms-houſe, Meſſrs. David and Cuthbert Landrith, gardeners and nurſery-men, in in High-ſtreet, above Twelfth-ſtreet, Philadelphia, Mr. William Booth, in the ſame line of buſineſs, Baltimore, or Mr David Williamſon, Greenwich-ſtreet, New-York.

N. B. It is now a good time and proper ſeaſon to build a green-houſe, and to remove plants.
Sept. 24. dtf.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 26.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

From a Friend in Europe, by an arrival at New-York, I have received Files of ſeveral Paris papers from the 1ſt *Meſſidor* to the 6th *Thermidor*; amongſt which are the *Amides Loix*, the *Redacteur*, and the *Patriote Françaiſ*, the latter of which, in the true fanatical cant of the day, bears the following inſcriptions in ſtriking characters at its head:

"On the 9th Floreal, at 9 o'clock in the evening, the Auſtrian government cauſed to be aſſaſſinated by its troops, the French Plenipotentiaries charged by the Directory to negociate a peace at Raſtadt.."

War unto Death to the Engliſh Goverument and the Houſe of Auſtria!

VENGEANCE! VENGEANCE!

It is printed in the rue *d'Infer*.

We give to day an haſty abſtract of the principal articles contained in theſe Gazettes, reſerving the details for ſucceeding papers.

It appears that Royaliſm is every where directing *aſſaſſinations* againſt the Republicans. "The Council of 500, conſidering that at the moment when the Legiſlators are occupied in offering to the Republicans a guarantee againſt the aſſaſſinations which royaliſm directs againſt them, it is not leſs important to open the eyes of the univerſality of the French people upon their civil diſſentions, declares that there is urgency." The Council, after having declared urgency, proceeded to decree an addreſs to the French people, wherein it appears, that "bitter civil diſſenſions have already ſprung up afreſh in the departments of the weſt and the ſouth, threatening to extend their ravages to other parts of the Republic." In the mean while bands of royal aſſaſſins ſhew themſelves in divers departments, and attack the Republicans."

In the Council of 500, on the 1ſt *Thermidor*, Talot, by a motion of order, denounced an intention, (which he charges to Royaliſts) of reaſſembling a National Convention. A committee was appointed to make a law againſt ſuch organization.

The Commune of St. Claude has been conſumed, and the wretched inhabitants, reduced to a ſtate of nakedneſs, apply to the Council of Ancients for ſuccour. Sent to the Directory.

Décombérouſſe, in the Council of Ancients, preſented an addreſs ſigned by a great number of the citizens of Grenoble, who demand that the ex-Directors be brought to judgment. They demand alſo, that the Council reviſe, and cauſe to be executed, the laws providing ſuccours to the families of the defenders of the country.

The republicans of Marſeilles and of Touloufe felicitate the Council upon the energy it has aſſumed, and demand the *puniſhment* of the ex-Directors.

Reinhard, Miniſter Plenipotentiary in Switzerland, ſucceeds Talleyrand as Miniſter of Exterior Relations.

Robert Lindet takes the place of Ramel, the Financier.

The appointment of Lambrechts to the Miniſtry of Juſtice is revoked, and Cambacéres, ex-conventionaliſt, is appointed to ſucceed him.

The Piedmonteſe, the Swiſs, heretofore in the ſervice of the king of Sardinia, the Poles, Ciſalpines, &c. with the army of Italy, were in the courſe of the laſt winter united to the French army. All that remain of thoſe troops, it appears by a meſſage of the Directory to the Councils, are ſuffering under privations of every kind, at Ville Franche, Chambery, Grenoble, &c. and their ſituation becoming daily more painful.

It appears by a letter of Bernadotte, (the new War Miniſter) to the generals in chief of the armies, that the old ſoldiers not only treat the young conſcripts with great contempt, but actually beat them on their arrival at the armies.

The Municipality of Amiens denounces many incendiary writings diſtributed by the Royaliſts.

The conſcripts of the department of Cher, are ſtated to have deſerted en maſſe.

The head-quarters of Maſſena's army were at Huninguen.

A body of 60,000 Ruſſians is aſſembling in Poland.

It was with the utmoſt difficulty that the ſavages who ſurrendered in the citadel of Turin, were preſerved from popular fury. Many of them fell victims to the rage of the mob.

We regret to find that a chief of the coupe-têtes named Travot has by ſtratagem made priſoners, four Generals of Chouans.

They are, the Chevalier de Vezins, Dupineau, Gourreau, and Blouin, Emigrants.

The general Vimeux has been authorized by the central adminiſtration of Maine and Loire to cauſe to be diſarmed the inhabitants of thoſe communes which have furniſhed troops to reinforce the Chouans.

The Dey of Algiers, at the interceſſion of Meſſieurs. Bacry and Buſchac, has ſet at liberty the French who had been ſome months impriſoned there.

The department of the upper Loire is infeſted by numerous troops of brigands. One of theſe on the 5th Meſſidor, attached the gensd'armes of St. Didier and Moniſtrol, and gained ſome advantages over them.

The Department of Vaucluſe is the prey of brigandage. Precautions are taking, that the Chouans, who deſolate the department of the Var, may not penetrate into the department of Gard. Barére is recalled.

Cambe inveighs againſt the rich men, and propoſes that the Jury be inſtructed to attend as a principal object to the attainting of men gorged with the public fortune, and thoſe who by, the effects of the revolution,

have known how to procure themſelves rapid and ſcandalous fortunes.

In the ſitting of the Council of Ancients, 2d Thermidor, the Secretary read a crowd of addreſſes, all calling down vengeance upon the triumvirs.

3d Thermidor. The citizens of Sallies, (lower Pyrennees) denounce the repreſentative Caſenave as having been one of the moſt ardent agents of the triumvirate, and of having tyrannized that department in quality of central commiſſary.

A member. There is not a patriot more energetic than Caſenave.

Lauſſat was not entirely of opinion with this ſpeaker; he believed the courſe followed by Caſenave, in that department, was by no means favorable to the Patriots. He wiſhed to ſpeak further, but the Council cut ſhort theſe debates by proceeding to the order of the day.

The citizen Morla, engineer, denounces Merlin, of Thionville, as a dilapidator of the public fortune. Sent to the Directory.

The whole of the department of Ardèche is in inſurrection, and the power and authority of the government ſet at defiance.

Serious troubles agitate the Department of Deux Sures, where the Royaliſts, with the *white Banner* of France, march in force from commune to commune cutting down the trees of liberty and demoliſhing the Republican emblems.

Quinette, ex conventionaliſt, replaces Francois de Neufchateau as miniſter of the Interior.

Bourdon, Commiſſary of the marine at Antwerp is appointed to ſucceed Bruix, as miniſter of Marine.

For the Gazette of the United States.

MR. FENNO,

I ſhall be much obliged to you to give the following extract from the late Mr. Hopkinſon's valuable works, a place in your paper, if it has not already appeared, for as I live in the country, I do not regularly ſee the papers.

Ch. Juſtice. Let the court be adjourned to three o'clock this afternoon; and I expect that the jury and the gentlemen of the bar, *will be punctual in their attendance.* We will wait for no man in this court.—*I am determined to eſtabliſh punctuality wherever I am concerned.* I inſiſt upon every man's attendance *at three o'clock preciſely.* We will not waſte our precious time in waiting for other people's conveniences.

(The Court riſes.)

Four o'clock.

Crier. Yonder comes the chief juſtice.

(The Judges take their ſeats.)

Ch. Juſtice. Let the courts of oyer and terminer and the ſupreme court be opened.

(The Cryer opens the Court.)

Coun. X.—May it pleaſe your honors! and you, gentlemen of the jury!

I come now to cloſe the pleadings in this cauſe, by replying to the arguments and authorities advanced in behalf of the defendant.

But before I enter on the ſubject, I beg leave to clear the way now by denying one of the gentlemen's authorities to be genuine. I did not chooſe &c. &c. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *.

By which it will appear that the words as enacted have a very different import from what they may have, or may be ſuppoſed to have, as publiſhed in this ſpurious edition of the laws of this commonwealth.

Chief Juſtice.—I will not ſuffer the authority of that book to be queſtioned whilſt I preſide in this court. Let me not hear a word more on this head.

Cryer.—Make room there for the grand jury! clear the way for the jury!

Clerk.—Gentlemen, have you any bills or preſentments to make?

(The Foreman preſents a paper.)

Chief Juſtice.—What! the bill returned ignoramus! Well!. and pray, gentlemen, what can be your reaſon for not finding this bill?

Foreman.—Becauſe, after a careful examination of witneſſes, for and againſt the party accuſed, we did not think the charge ſufficiently ſupported.

Chief Juſtice.—And what buſineſs had you with any witneſſes but thoſe furniſhed by the court? How dare you tamper with witneſſes unknown to me or the attorney general?

Foreman.—We have ſworn to make diligent enquiry, and true preſentment make; and we apprehend that we ſhould not have performed our duty if we rejected any legal teſtimony that offered, reſpecting the matter we had in charge. However, we acted under the ſolemnity of an oath, and have diſcharged our conſciences.

Chief Juſtice.—*Sir! I will not be inſulted! Tell me of your oath*, and your *conſcience!* You know it was *my deſire that you ſhould find this bill*, and that *ought* to have *ſatisfied* you—*Conſcience indeed!* The court is the *keeper* of a grand jury's *conſcience;* I am ſure I ſent you a ſufficient teſtimony to ſatisfy your conſcience; all we want of you is to give legal form to our proceedings. It would be a fine court indeed, if a parcel of *ignorant merchants* ſhould have it in their power to controul our proceedings in the adminiſtration of juſtice—But you have other reaſons than conſcience for this conduct. *How dare you receive other teſtimony than ſuch as had been qualified and furniſhed by the court!* But this ſhews your extreme ignorance of law—of even the firſt principles of law.

Foreman.—May it pleaſe your honor! we did not come here to be abuſed; we have been called upon to perform a duty neither agreeable in itſelf nor profitable to us; we have been forced from our private buſineſs (preſſing enough at this time on moſt of us) to attend this court. Our duty has been deſignated to us in a very ſolemn oath, the terms of which are, as we think too plain to be miſunderſtood, even by the moſt unlearned; and we are humbly of opinion, that—

Chief Juſtice.—*Hold your tongue, Sir, I order you to hold your tongue!* What! ſhall we be braved and inſulted in the execution of our office? I *command you to hold your tongue.*

Foreman.—*If* the court pleaſes! We apprehend—

Chief Juſtice.—*Not a word more Sir, I will not hear a word, Sir!*—

Gentlemen of the grand jury, the court having no further occaſion for your ſervices, you are diſcharged.

(The grand jury retire in great diſcontent.)

The foregoing is taken out of Mr. Hopkinſon's 2d vol. p. 269; for an explanation let the reader turn to his 1ſt vol. p. 194, from whence the following extract is taken; but the facts may be remembered by many now alive, as they happened, I believe, in 1782.

Mr. Oſwald, the printer of the Independant Gazetteer, having publiſhed ſome free ſtrictures on the conduct of the ſupreme court, the judges ordered him to be indicted for a libel. The grand jury, after a full enquiry, returned the bill ignoramus. The judges, enraged at this refuſal, attempted to overawe them by ſevere reproofs in open court, and ſent them back for re-conſideration. But the jury adhered to their verdict, and juſtified themſelves in a public addreſs in the papers. Some eſſays on the ſubject of grand juries, appeared in anſwer, generally believed to be written by the judges themſelves,* under the ſignatures of Juriſperitus and Adrian; and theſe occaſioned the following (ſee p. 194) obſervations in return.

The foregoing extracts are, I fear, Sir, too long for your uſeful paper, but I cannot help ſaying a word or two more about them.

I would firſt earneſtly recommend ſome perſon, better qualified than I am, and who has leiſure to look into this old buſineſs, by referring to the papers mentioned, ſigned by Juriſperitus, Adrian, One of the people, &c. and favor the public with an accouut of it; and if I am not much miſtaken, the two former contain ſentiments highly improper for a judge, and ſubverſive of the proper liberty of the preſs. Theſe ſentiments ſmell ſtrongly of a certain chief juſtice I know, who has made more than one attempt to ſix libels when grand juries have thought otherwiſe.

Now, Mr. Fenno, if ſuch a character ſhould have the effrontery to offer himſelf to further public favor, what would the people ſay? What would the ſpirit of that good man ſay, whoſe works we have quoted?—He knew mankind well—he *knew* a chief juſtice well; and a chief juſtice knew he *knew* him *well*, and *trembled*, even more than he does before his wife.

There now! What has his wife to do in this buſineſs?—A great deal, for thereby hangs a tale, and thoſe who cannot rule their own families, ſurely ought not to be truſted to rule a nation.

* Chief Juſtice M'Kean and Judge Bryan.

ALMS-HOUSE.

September 25, 1799.

AT a meeting of the General Board of the Guardians of the Poor,

PRESENT,

Charles Swift,	Jacob Greble,
William Preſton,	William Holderneſſe,
Luke W. Morris,	Samuel Gatliff,
Charles Pleaſants,	Matthew Vanduzen,
Geraldus Stockdale,	James Engle.

Whereas the diſtreſſed ſituation of many of the inhabitants of the city of Philadelphia ariſing from the preſent calamity, requires immediate relief; and whereas, from the generarl abſence of the freeholders, and other taxable inhabitants, it has become impracticable to continue the collection of the taxes appropriated for the ſupport of the poor.

Therefore reſolved, That Samuel Gatliff and Charles Pleaſants ſhall be a committee from this Board, to negociate a loan from either of the Banks in this city, amounting to ten thouſand dollars, five thouſand of which to be advanced immediately, and the other five thouſand, when in the opinion of this Board it ſhall become neceſſary.

Reſolved. That ſuch part of the buildings at Maſters' Place, as belong to the Guardians of the Poor, be appropropriated for the reception of ſuch children, as may become orphans in conſequence of the preſent calamity, and that Luke W. Morris be appointed to procure Nurſes, and other proper attendants for them, and generaly to ſuperintend that part of the Encampment.

Reſolved, That William Holderneſe, William Preſton, James Engle, and Matthew Vanduzen, Guardians of the Poor, in conjunction with Dr. Samuel P. Griffitts, John Evans, Thomas Harriſon and John James; ſhall be a committee for granting relief to the poor and diſtreſſed inhabitants of the city of Philadelphia, the Diſtrict of Southwark, and the Northern-Liberties, which committee ſhall keep an account of the perſons relieved, and the ſums expended; having alſo power to appoint ſuch perſons as they may deem qualified to aſſiſt in viſiting all and every houſe in which ſick or diſtreſſed perſons are reſident, in order that full and effectual relief may be afforded.

Reſolved, That Luke W. Morris be the Treaſurer of the above committee, and that the money which may be borrowed from the Banks, agreeably to a reſolution of this day, be lodged in his hands to defray the expences of the above committee, and ſuch as may be incured in maintaining the orphan children at Maſters' Place.

CHARLES SWIFT, Preſident.

d1w.

Died on Monday evening laſt, Mr. William Templeton, late bar keeper in the City Tavern, in which capacity, by an obliging and polite demeanour, he obtained univerſal reſpect.

SEPTEMBER TERM.

The grand jury of the county of Weſtmoreland, taking into their ſerious conſideration the great importance of electing a ſuitable character to the office of governor of Pennſylvania, and obſerving with regret the means which have induſtriouſly been taken for party purpoſes to miſrepreſent the character of one of the candidates for that office, in a moral and religious point of view, have thought it not improper, with deference and reſpect, to acquaint their fellow-citizens that they have ſeen written teſtimonials under the ſignatures of a miniſter and the elders of ſeveral Preſbyterian congregations, in the vicinity of Mr. Roſs's reſidence, ever ſince his firſt attainment to mature age, highly honourable to his character and contradictory of ſuch reports. Mr. Roſs's amiable character in other reſpects, as a man; his confeſſed talents as a public man; his patriotic attachment to the particular intereſt, conſtitution and laws of his country, being ſo univerſally known, any remarks on theſe ſubjects from us can afford no new information. But we take the liberty to add, that, from a comparative review of the merits of the two candidates, we do cordially agree to give our decided preference and ſupport to Mr. Roſs, and therefore beg leave to recommand him to our fellow-citizens, as highly worthy of their ſuffrages for the office of governor at the enſuing election.

Benj. Davis, *Foreman.*	John Peter Miller,
Edward Halferty,	John Mears,
Nicholas Swope,	Nicholas Day,
Chriſtopher Truby,	James M'Grew,
Henry Taſh,	Daniel Thompſon,
Samuel Elder,	John M. St. Clair,
William Clarke,	Samuel Robb,
Martin Overhalt,	John Daily.
Wendle Gnier,	

N. B. There were four other gentlemen on the grand jury, one of whom voted for Mr. Roſs, but objected to the publication of an addreſs. The other three, viz. Jeremiah Murry, Eſq. Alexander Brown, Eſq. and Mr. Peter Rough, refuſed to declare their voices on the occaſion.

At a meeting of the citizens of Weſtmoreland co. ſeriouſly impreſſed with the importance of the approaching electing of governor for this ſtate, met at the court-houſe in Greenſburg, on the eleventh day of September, anno domini, 1799, about two hundred preſent.

Dr. DAVID MARCHANT, Chairman.

It was ſtated that this meeting was called by the friends to the election of James Roſs, to conſult on the beſt means of promoting it, and aſcertaining the ſenſe of the people attending court, from all parts of the county. Certain certificates tranſmitted by the committee of Waſhington county, for promoting the election of Mr. Roſs, relative to his religious and moral character, addreſſed to general William Jack, were laid before the meeting and gave very general ſatisfaction.

Upon a free mutual communication, the following propoſitions were adopted as the ſentiments of the citizens preſent:

1ſt. That a free government, conſtituted on the baſis of juſtice and equal rights, cultivating peace, and preſerving ſafety to the citizens at large, and maintaining reſpectability with foreign nations, is one of the greateſt political bleſſings. Although no country in the world can boaſt of abſolute perfection, in that or any other reſpect, the people of America have as much, if not more reaſon, than thoſe of any other country to be ſatisfied with the rights and privileges which they enjoy, under their federal and ſeveral ſtate conſtitutions. They appear to be well deſigned for promoting the happineſs of the people, to which little would be wanting but a more general love of virtue, with leſs of a factious ſpirit and diſpoſition. A truly republican government muſt be ſupported by the farmer, whilſt the latter will finally deſtroy, by diviſion, any government, be it ever ſo good as to conſtitution and abſtract principle.

2d. That although this meeting will not alledge that the laws enacted under thoſe conſtitutions, have been altogether free from human error, it is their opinion they have been, upon the whole, intended for the common welfare. That, in moſt inſtances, the adminiſtration of the general government, has, with the bleſſing of Providence, greatly contributed in promoting the eſſential objects for which it has been appointed.

3d. That the United States, having incurred a large debt, which was due as well to the people of other countries for loans, made to theſe States, in the courſe of the war for independence, as to their own citizens; for the payment of which no means were or could be provided until their adoption of the new conſtitution. The federal egiſlature were bound for the ſupport of the credit of the nation, both at home and abroad, to take proper meaſures for paying the intereſt, and providing for the gradual extinguiſhment of the public debt. That neither could this be done, nor the protection ariſing from laws and government be afforded, without taxes. This meeting will not undertake to judge with certainty, of the whole ſyſtem of finance, adopted for theſe ends, or for protecting an extended frontier, as well as trade and commerce on the ocean, fortifying our ſea ports, and being prepared to encounter foreign hoſtility. Yet they do not heſitate in giving it as their opinion, that all theſe objects were neceſſary to be provided for, and that the laws for raiſing revenue, in ſo great and ſo diverſified a country as the continent of America; although they may not be equal as to every individual and particular and uniform throughout the whole, and as little oppreſſive on any of the States as could well be deviſed.

4th. That beſt ſupport of a good government is the Union of a virtuous people, poſſeſſing a reaſonable confidence in it, and falſely to vilify and miſrepreſent public meaſures and public men, is dangerous to the peace and happineſs of ſociety. This abuſe of liberty, inſtead of ſupporting the laws has an evident tendency to deſtroy them and introduce diſorder. The preſent meeting highly diſapprove of all unjuſt calumnies againſt the character of either chief juſtice M'Kean or James Roſs; and however proper it may be, to be acquinted with them, to be qualified to form a right judgment in their reſpective merits, all wilful falſhood ought to be ſhunned in a regard to both.

5th. As the independence of the United States reſts on ſpirited and prudent reſiſtance of all foreign influence or aggreſſion, ſo their ſecurity depends upon harmony between the government of the individual States and the government of the Union. The States are members of one great family; the Union and proſperity of which, like every other family, can only be promoted, by the United and prudent exertions of all the members for the good of the whole.

6th. He only therefore is beſt qualified for being a governor of any ſtate, who is free from all foreign influence, partiality or prejudice; and whilſt he will neither ſurrender the rights of the ſtate, over which he preſides, nor obſtruct the exerciſe of thoſe of the union, is firmly diſpoſed to cultivate harmony among both and all.

The foregoing propoſitions were agreed to without a diſſenting voice.

7th. That JAMES ROSS, who has reſided among us for upwards of fifteen years, being generally and deſervedly reſpected for his talents, good principles and fidelity, in the duties of the ſeveral offices in which he has hitherto been engaged, this meeting is fully perſuaded that he will fill the ſtation of governor of Penſylvania, when elected, with great reputatioſi, purſuing the true intereſts of this ſtate and of the union; and as the condition and local intereſts of the weſtern country, are well known to him, we entertain a well grounded belief of his diſpoſition to promote thoſe intereſts to every reaſonable degree.

The laſt reſolution was agreed to with only five deſſenting votes:

It was therefore reſolved, that James Roſs, be recommended as governor to the free ſuffrages of our fellow citizens of this ſtate, at the enſuing election, and that the citizens now preſent will ſupport him accordingly.

Reſolved further, That theſe proceedings be ſigned by the chairman, and that a copy thereof, with a copy of the certificates from Waſhington county, be printed for general public information.

DAVID MARCHANT, Chairman.

CITIZEN TALLEYRAND.

In his legerdemain apology to the French people for his miſdeeds, has boldly aſſerted an untruth, to extricate himſelf from one charge:—He has affirmed, ſo far had his conduct been from alienating the affections of the United States, that at the moment of of writing (in June laſt) "AMERICAN NEGOTIATORS HAD ARRIVED IN FRANCE." We all know this to be a plumper. But it has not been the only one practiced on the gulls of France;—for we have ſeen in the Moniteur, of May 7th, a paper under the controul of *Talleyrand* and *Legarde*, an article announcing 'that the new American Envoys may be daily expected at Paris." It is thus the French people are cajolled, duped and deceived; and it is aſtoniſhing to ſee the avidity with which they diſtort their throats to ſwallow ſuch abſurdities. We certainly know that two of the Envoys to France are now in the United States; and we believe Mr. Murray, is in Holland.

The demons of ſedition and Jacobiniſm, in Vermont, have made an expiring effort to remove from the chair of Government, the patriotic, federal, and enlightened ſtateſman, Mr. Tichenor. As the object was momentous, the ſtruggle was violent; and all the tricks and arts of hell craft were put in requiſition to effect its ſucceſs. It has, however, we believe, met its merited fate. We have ſeen the votes in Peacham, Danville, Townſend, New-Fane, Wardſboro, Marlboro, Halifax, Guilford, Hindſdale, Vergennes, Bridport, Monkton, Ferriſburgh, Rutland, Pittsford, Addiſon, and Bennington, in which Gov. Tichenor has 1648 votes; while his rival candidate, Mr. Smith, had but 572.

Gazette Marine Liſt.

Port of Philadelphia.

Tueſday, Arrived the Daniſh brig Pallas, capt. Hutchinſon, 87 days from Hamburg. Sept. 16, lat. 39, 25 N. long. 65, 30, W. ſpoke brig Maria, from Philadelphia to Hamburg.

Boſton, September 19.

Arrived brig Sally Haſkell, coaſt of Brazil, 75 days.

Arrived ſchooner Lucy, Watſon, from Bay of Honduras, 32 days, via. Newburyport. Left there, brig Betſey, of Nantucket, Haines; ſchooner Goodwin, of and for Boſton; ſloop ——, Ingraham, of and for do. brig Hannah, of Newburyport, captain Hunt; ſhip Townſend, Sharod, Philadelphia ſhip Alexandria, Wattles, of Alexandria, ſpoke brig George, of Norwich, captain Hubbard at the mouth of the Harbour bound in. Auguſt 1, the ſhip Grand Turk, of New-York, captain Bouns, bound home, was ſtranded on Mangre Key. The ſame night, ſhip Thomas and Sarah, of Boſton. Captain Crapou, and ſchooner Pecan, of New-York, captain Baldwin, both in Co. from Jamaica, were ſtranded on the Main Reef, bound to the Bay, all hands ſaved.—Captain Walton had letters from the above veſſels, but being chaſed on the 29th Auguſt by three French privateers, under French colours, captain W. deſtroyed them. They boarded the Lucy, under the national flag, but proved to be Engliſh, from New-Providence.

Arrived at Rainsford's Iſland.

The ſchooner Lively, captain Cheney, 26 days from Tobago; Auguſt 31, in lat. 26, long. 66, 30, ſpoke the ſhip Nancy of Portſmouth, N. H. James Orne, Maſter, 60 days out from London, bound to Charleſton, South Carolina. September 7th, in lat. 33, do. long 69, ſpoke ſchooner Fox, of Middleton, Con. S. Stocking, maſter, 12 days out from St. Kitts, bound to New-London. Captain William Wyman, and Mr. Joſeph Clark, of Boſton, were paſſengers on board, whoſe veſſels and cargoes had been condemned at Guadaloupe. Same day ſpoke two armed brigs, who were in company, 5 days out from Norfolk, bound to Jamaica, one of them was the Mary, of Portſmouth, N. H. captain Jones. September 11, in lat. 31, long. 69, was brought too and boarded by the Cleopatria, of 6 guns, belonging to, and five days out from Baltimore, bound to Bremen, commanded by Walter Connor. Captain Connor while boarding the Lively, fired upon and brought too a ſhip and brig that were a ſhort diſtance from him, and very politely informed captain Cheney, that he would protect him if they were enemies, and if they were friends, he would fire a gun to leeward, as a ſignal that he might proceed on his courſe with ſafety, which captain Connor did after boarding the ſhip. Left at Tobago, brig Pamelia, Colby, of Portland. Brig Peace, Smith, of Newburyport, ſailed from Tobago, Auguſt 18, in co. with brig ——, Folenſby, of Boſton.

REPORT

Of the Sextons of the different grounds, of the number of Funerals at their grounds.

FOR THE 24 HOURS, ENDING THIS DAY AT 12 O'CLOCK.	Grown Perſons	Children
Names of the Burial Grounds.		
Chriſt Church,	0	0
St. Peters,	0	0
St. Pauls,	0	1
1ſt Preſbyterian,	0	0
2d do.	1	0
3d do.	1	0
Scots Preſbyterian,	0	0
Aſſociate Church,	0	0
St. Mary's,	0	0
Trinity,	0	0
Friends	1	0
Free Quakers,	0	0
Swedes,	0	1
German Lutheran,	1	0
German Preſbyterian,	0	0
Moravian,	0	0
Baptiſt,	0	0
Methodiſt,	1	0
Univerſaliſt,	0	0
Jews,	0	0
African Epiſcopal,	0	0
do. Methodiſt,	0	0
Kenſington,	0	0
Public Ground,*	15	1
Total	20	3

The above liſt comprehends all the burials from the City and Liberties of every diſeaſe

By order of the Board of Health.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Health Officer.

CITY HOSPITAL.

ADMITTED.

John Fudge, No. 187, Arch ſtreet.
John Mark, 39, Walnut ſtreet.
Joſeph Nettles, 11, Little Water ſtreet.
Pat. Kennedy, 39, Cherry ſtreet.
Mary Stuart, Catherine ſtreet.

DIED.

Jane Evans, ill 2, days, previous to ad.
Elizabeth Lee, ill 8, ditto.
Edward M'Donnell, ill 6, ditto.

Interred the laſt 24 hours, in the *PUBLIC GROUND,

1 Man, from below German ſtreet, Paſſyunk road.
1 ditto, Garlic hall, 2nd ſtreet road.
1 ditto, Shippen, near Front ſtreet.
1 ditto, Arch, near 8th ſtreet.
1 ditto, Carpenter's ſtreet, Southwark.
1 ditto, 399, N. Front ſtreet.
1 ditto, Chriſtian ſtreet.
1 Woman, from 6th ſtreet.
1 ditto, Locuſt ſtreet.
1 ditto, Stout's alley, Camptown.
1 ditto, 5th oppoſite Gaſkil ſtreet.
1 ditto, Farmer's row.
1 Child, left at Grave yard, not known where from.
3 from the Hoſpital.

16 Total.

Remaining in the Hoſpital 72, of whom 32 are convaleſcents, and eleven children who were admitted in good health.

PETER HELM, Steward.

WILL BE SOLD, BY PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the 21ſt October next,

On the Premiſes,
In the town of Dover,
Kent County, Delaware State,

EIGHT LOTS OF GROUND adjoining each other, on the weſt ſide of King-ſtreet, containing in front about 505 feet, and extending in depth weſtward about 402 feet, on which are erected a two ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, and another brick building, ſuitable for a ſtore or office, together with ſeveral frame tenements—a ſtream of water runs through the ſouth part of the lot, where a tan yard might be improved to advantage.

Payment of a part of the purchaſe money will be required—the remainder may be at intereſt for a number of years by giving the premiſes in ſecurity, &c.

September 24, 1799. dtaiO.

JUST RECEIVED,

Per the MARIA, from *HAMBURG*, and NOW LANDING,
At Wilcocks's wharf, from on board the IRIS, from *BREMEN*,
And for sale by the subscriber,

353 PACKAGES LINEN,

Consisting of

Bielefeld Linen	Elberfeld Checks
Warendorp do	Checks and Stripes
Rouanes	Harlem Checks
White Platillas	Listadoes
Brown do.	Ticklenburghs
Craes à la Morlaix	Osnaburgs
Dowlas	Halblaken
Bretagnes	Wefer Linnen
Buccadillas	Bag Linen
Quadruples Silesias	Myer Linnen
Bed-ticks	Estopillas
Pocket Handkerchiefs.	

Also for Sale,

400 boxes Claret
40 hhds. do
70 Tons St. Petersburg Hemp
5 Casks Brittles
200 pieces Sailduck
7 Bales German Cloth
800 Demijohns
80 Liquor Cases

ERICK & LEWIS BOLLMANN.
No 113 South 3d Stree
aug 14 d tot af. 2w1ot

WHEREAS
Matthew Mc.Connell, Esq.

BY deed dated the 16th of May, 1799, granted and assigned to the subscribers, 55,018 acres of land on the waters of Sugar creek, in the county of Luzerne and state of Pennsylvania, upon trust, to sell and dispose of the same, and apply the proceeds (after satisfying all such just and legal claims as may be due on said lands) to the payment of such notes as the said Matthew M'Connell has drawn in favor of a certain Joseph Thomas, or that the said Joseph Thomas has drawn in favor of, and are indorsed by the said M. M'Connell, and which are mentioned in the schedule annexed to the deed of trust, aforesaid:—

Provided, That the holders of said notes shall, on or before the 16th day of November next, execute to him a full discharge and acquittance, or render up the said notes, and the balance, if any, to the holders of any of the said notes who shall not have made such discharge or rendered up said notes, as aforesaid, *pro rata*, according to their respective claims and demands.

This public notice is given of the said assignment, that those who are interested may avail themselves of the terms therein contained.

William Buckley,
Thomas M. Willing, } Assignees.
William Davidson,

Philadelphia, 14th Sept. 1799.
12awt16N.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

Pursuant to the act of Congress passed on the 1st day of June, one thousand, seven hundred and ninety six, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military services, and for the society of United Brethren for propagating the gospel among the Heathen;" and the act supplementary to the said recited act passed on the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after described, namely, "beginning at the North West corner of the seven ranges of townships, and running thence fifty miles due south, along the western boundary of the said ranges;—thence due West to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the said river to the place where the Indian boundary line crosses the same;—thence along the said boundary line to the Tuscaroras branch of the Muskingum river at the crossing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the said river, to the point where a line run due west from the place of beginning, will intersect the said river; thence along the line so run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townships of five miles square, and fractional parts of townships; and that plats and surveys of the said townships and fractional parts of townships are deposited in the offices of the Register of the Treasury and Surveyor General, for the inspection of all persons concerned.

II.

The holders of such warrants as have been or shall be granted for military services performed during the late war, are required to present the same to the Register of the Treasury, at some time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thousand eight hundred, for the purpose of being registered; No registry will however be made of any less quantity than a quarter township, or four thousand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be presented and registered in manner aforesaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred, will immediately after the said day, be determined by lot, in the mode prescribed by the act first recited.

IV.

The holders of registered warrants, shall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location shall be determined by lot as aforesaid, personally, or by their agents, designate in writing at the office of the Register of the Treasury, the particular quarter townships elected by them respectively, and such of the said holders as shall not designate their locations on the said day, shall be postponed in locating such warrants to all other holders of registered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military services sufficient to cover one or more quarter townships or tracts of four thousand acres each; shall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the first day of January, 1802, be allowed to register the said warrants in manner aforesaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military services, which shall not be registered and located before the first day of January, 1802, are by the supplementary act of Congress herein before recited, passed on the second day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.
Sec. of the Treasury.

To the Freemen, Electors for the city and county of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN,

ACKNOWLEDGING with thanks, all former favors, I request a continuance of your friendship, by your Votes and Interest, at the ensuing Election for the Coroner's office, which will add an additional obligation and shall be held in grateful remembrance by your friend and humble servant,

JOHN LEACOCK, *Coroner.*
2aw5t.

This day is published,
By W. YOUNG, BOOKSELLER,

Institutes of Natural Law.

THE THIRD EDITION.

Being the substance of a course of lectures, read in St. John's college, Cambridge.

By T. RUTHERFORTH, D.D. F.R.S.

THE 1st vol. *explains the rights of mankind, considered as individuals*: I. Law in general. II. Rights and obligations. III. Of property. IV. Limitations of property. V. Of our common right to things. VI. Of derivative acquisitions by the act of man. VII. Of derivative acquisitions by the act of the law. VIII. Of prescription. IX. Of the obligations arising from property. X. Of the right which a man has in his own person. XI. Of parental authority. XII. Of promises. XIII. Of contract. XIV. Of oaths. XV. Marriage. XVI. Of the right of defence.—XVII. Of reparation of damages done. XVIII. Of punishment. XIX. Of war. XX. Of slavery.

The 2d vol. *explains the rights and obligations of mankind, considered as members of civil societies.* I. of societies in general. II. of civil society its nature and origin. III. of civil power. IV. of different forms of civil government. V. of the changes produced. VI. of civil laws. VII. of interpretation. VIII. of civil subjection, and civil liberty. IX. of the law of nations. X. of the changes that are made in States and in their civil constitutions.

The merits of this work, so justly extolled by experienced judges, and appreciated by the lovers of science, renders it unnecessary for the editor to publish the numerous and honourable testimony, that might be produced in its favour. It is with much pleasure he informs his customers and the public, that the American edition (not inferior to the British in paper and print) is now offered for sale, in two 8vo. vols. at 4 dollars and 50 cents in *boards*, and five dollars when *neatly bound*. The imported copies of the same size, are sold at 7 and 8 dollars.

W. YOUNG, has for sale, as usual, *Stamps, Stationery, custom house Blanks* of every denomination, *Writing* and *Printing Papers, Blank* & *Printed Books*, wholesale and retail.

N. B.—Orders transmitted through the Post-office or otherwise, are immediately executed.

Philadelphia, *12th Sept.* 3taw2w.

DONATION LANDS.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT Claims for Donation Lands granted by the State of Pennsylvania to the Officers and Soldiers of the Line belonging to the said State in the late war, will be received at the Office of Comptroller General of said State until the 1st September next inclusive, and that the subscribers authorised by law will sit as a Board at the said Office on every Monday from ten o'clock in the forenoon until one in the afternoon, to hear and determine all unsatisfied Claims already filed, as well as those which may be filed on or before the said first day of September next.

JOHN DONNALDSON, Comt'r
SAMUEL BRYAN, Regt'r.
PETER BAYNTON, Treas'r.

Department of Accounts of Pennsylvania, May 15, '99.
(16) diw (m.w.sa.tf)

United States, District of Pennsylvania. } ss.

To the Marshal of the Pennsylvania District of the United States.

WHEREAS in my opinion a contagious sickness in the city of Philadelphia, renders it hazardous to hold the next stated Session of the Circuit Court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania District of the middle Circuit of the said city, the place appointed by law at which to hold the stated Session of the said Court—These are by virtue of the powers and authorities vested in me, RICHARD PETERS, Judge of the Pennsylvania District of the United States, in the name and by authority of the United States, to order and direct you to adjourn the session of the said circuit court, directed to be held at Philadelphia, on the eleventh day of October next, to Norris Town, in the county of Montgomery in the same district, being a convenient place within the same for holding the said court; and you are to make publication hereof in one or more public papers printed at the said city, that the said court is adjourned as it is hereby directed to be; and you are accordingly to adjourn the said court to the said place hereby appointed from the time you shall receive this order to the said eleventh day of October next, the time by law prescribed for commencing the said session.

(L.S.) Given under my hand and seal at Belmont in the said district this sixth day of September in the year of our Lord 1799, and in the twenty-fourth year of the Independence of the United States.

RICHARD PETERS.

WHEREFORE I, the said Marshal, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the above order and directions from the honorable Richard Peters, Esquire, judge of the Pennsylvania district of the United States, and in the name and by the authority of the United States, do adjourn the session of the Circuit court of the said United States, which was to have been held at Philadelphia, on the eleventh day of October next, to the court house in NORRISTOWN in the county of *Montgomery* in the same district, there to meet on the said eleventh day of October next at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the same day of which all persons bound by Recognizance or have otherwise to do thereat are desired and required to take notice and give their attendance accordingly.

WILLIAM NICHOLS, *Marshal.*
Marshal's office at Philadelphia,
September 7, 1799 dtr11thO.

FOR SALE,

The brig MARY,
Capt. JOHN TARRIS,

Now lying at Marcus Hook—a live oak and cedar vessel—will carry 2000 barrels, and has been newly sheathed. She is armed with 10 four-pounders, muskets, pistols, cutlasses, boarding-pikes, &c. For terms, apply to GURNEY & SMITH.
sep. 3. eotf

FOR SALE
By SIMON WALKER,
Pine, near Fifth-street,

WOOLWICH proof Cannon—9 pounders, 61-2 feet long, 20 cwt. each, and 7 feet long, 25 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. completed ditto—6 pounders, 5 1-2 feet long, 15 cwt. each, and 6 feet long, 18 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. complete;
Carronades on sliding carriages, 12, 18 & 24 pounders, weighing 6 1-2, 8 and 13 cwt. each;
Boarding Pikes and Cutlasses;
English Cannon Powder;
Copper Sheathing Nails. Spikes and Bolts;
6, 9 12, 18 and 24lb. round Shot;
6, 9, 18 and 24lb. double-headed do.
9, 18 and 24lb. Cannister Shot.
Also—a quantity of best English, Porter, Claret and Port Wine Bottles,
Taunton Ale in casks of 7 dozen each.
march 8. 2aw tf

THE Creditors of Baly, Hill, & Evans, Insolvent Debtors, in the county of Sussex, are to meet the Assignee at the Court-House in said county, on the 25th of Dec. next, at 10 o'clock A. M. in order to make a dividend of said Insolvent's estate, that may come to hand by that day.

CH. CASE, assignee.
june 25

MAIL COACHEES

Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE,

LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.

Returning.

Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.

Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA.

Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted) at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.

Returning.

Leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.

Seats in the Mail Coaches to be taken in New-York,

At Butman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-street.

In Philadelphia.

At John Dunwoody's, Market-street, Spread Eagle, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second street.

In Baltimore.

At Evans' Tavern.

Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.

The Proprietors are not responsible for Baggage.

LEVI PEASE,
Agent for the Public Line, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co.
Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New-York.

General Post-Office, May 1. } 9

AT a meeting of the visitors and governors of St John's college in the State of Maryland, on the 13th day of July 1799,

Resolved, That on the first day of October next, this board will proceed to elect a Professor of English and Grammar, who shall receive, for his services, at the rate of £200 *per annum*, to be paid quarterly; and that public notice thereof be given, &c. &c,

Test, A. C. HANSON.

N B. The office aforesaid hath just become vacant, by the resignation of a gentleman, whose affairs require the immediate undertaking of a voyage by sea.

It is the duty of the said Professor (to whom is allowed an assistant) to teach the English language grammatically, and to prepare students for a superior school, by teaching them the Latin grammar the Vocabulary, and Cordery. Writing is to be taught to all his scholars at stated hours; and to those students who are not destined for the superior school, are to be taught, at the discretion of their parents, or guardians, Arithmetic, and other branches of science usually taught in English schools—A complete knowledge then of Latin, Arithmetic, &c. is considered indispensible in the professor; and it is expected, that candidates who are not known to the Board, will submit to an examination, as well as produce satisfactory testimonials of their good morals, and fair characters.

The Printers within the United States are requested to insert in their papers the foregoing resolution and remarks, and to repeat the publication, as often as convenience will admit, until the 20th day of September next.

july 22 ¶ 1awtS20

To the Holders of
MILITARY LAND WARRANTS.

THE Subscriber having lately returned from viewing the land, surveyed and appropriated to satisfy the land warrants, issued by the secretary at war, to the officers and soldiers of the late continental army; and having made arrangements with Mr. James Johnson, of Chester county, Pennsylvania, who he left on the land, and who with the assistance of an intelligent inhabitant of that county, will spend five months in exploring the different sections. He will take regular notes, descriptive of the soil, situation, and natural advantages attached to each section in the whole survey—which notes will be placed in the hands of the subscriber previous to the period for locating, thereby enabling him to make the most advantageous locations the priority will admit.

He offers his service to the holders of land warrants of the above description, throughout the United States, to receive their warrants, class them, (as no less quantity than 4000 acres will be registerd at the office of the treasury) have them registered agreeable to law, and attend to make the location at the the time appointed in February next.

For transacting the business, one tenth part of the land specified in the warrants will be required, and no other charge, except the postage of letters. All warrants forwarded and letters addressed to the subscriber, at No. 3, Penn-street, Philadelphia, will receive immediate attention.

JAMES E. SMITH.
Septemer 2 mwstf.

WILLIAM COBBETT
HAS JUST PUBLISHED (PRICE 1 DOL. 50 CENTS)
THE

BAVIAD
AND
MÆVIAD.

By WILLIAM GIFFORD, ESQUIRE.

To which is prefixed,

A POETICAL EPISTLE TO THE AUTHOR
By an American Gentleman.

[In introducing this celebrated work to the Gentlemen and Ladies of America, I have endeavored to give it a dress proportioned to its distinguished merit, and to the taste of those for whose amusement and delight it is intended. No expence has been spared in the publication; and I flatter myself that the work does not yield, either in paper or print, to any one ever published in America——This edition has an advantage over some former ones, as it contains by way of notes, the minor productions of the author; and, it has an advantage over *every* other edition, in the *Poetical Epistle*, which is prefixed to it, and which must be extremely gratifying to every lover of literature in this country, as it is a proof that there are Americans who have the taste to admire, the justice to applaud, and the talents to rival the Geniuses of other nations.

☞ Some Copies have been sent on to *Mr. Somerville*, Maiden Lane, *New York*, also to *Mr. Hill. Baltimore*, and to *Mr. Young, Charleston.*

Copies will be sent to *Boston* and other places, as soon as occasions offer.] may 28

TERMS
Of Richard Folwell, in Philadelphia,
FOR SUBSCRIBING TO THE

JOURNALS OF CONGRESS,

FROM THE COMMENCEMENT
Of the American War, in 1774, to the present time,
INCLUDING
The Reports of Heads of Departments, of Committees, and other Official and Private Papers of that Body, now first permitted to be made public.

TERMS.

THE work will be printed on a fine paper, and a new neat tipe, in large octavo.

Each volume will contain above 500 pages, neatly bound and lettered.

Uniformity in size, paper, and binding, will be observed throughout the work; so that, while the subscribers become possessed of a valuable record, an ornament may be added to their libraries.

The price to subscribers will be 2 dolls. 75 cts. per volume, in boards, and 3 dolls. whole bound; but, as the publisher does not intend to print manmore than the number subscribed for, a considerable rise on the price may be expected to non-subscribers.

Each volume will contain about one third less, of letter-press than the original edition; but, as the publisher is not yet enabled to determine the extent of the Private Journals, which he may be allowed to make public, he cannot ascertain the number of volumes which will comprise the work.

☞ *Payments to be made on delivery of each volume.*

Subscribers will have it at their option, either to subscribe for the whole of the Journals, up to the present time, or to those only of the Old Congress prior to the organization of the Federal Government.

IN all countries, the proceedings in the commencement of their governments, are lost in darkness and obscurity, owing to a carelessness, in the succeeding generation, to preserve the public records, and the attention of the nation, in these rude ages, being called off from their domestic concerns, to engage in wars and conquest. Of what infinite value would the laws of Alfred be, had they been transmitted to our days? Time, that destroys every thing, enhances the value of well authenticated public records, and renders them almost inestimable. It is hoped, that Americans will, therefore, chearfully contribute their assistance in transmitting to posterity the labours of their ancestors—founders of the Columbian nation.

*** The work will certainly be advanced with expedition and promptitude. The following will show the support it has already acquired:

** *Philadelphia, June 15, 1798.*

"To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

"The MEMORIAL of the Subscribers, Citizens, &c. of Philadelphia,

"*Respectfully sheweth,*

"That having, in our respective avocations, frequent occasions to recur to the Journals of Congress, we experience inconvenience by the scarcity of them: That we understand that Richard Folwell, printer, of Philadelphia, has had it in contemplation to print that public record; and that he hath obtained partial countenance from many individuals; but that he has delayed prosecuting the work, in expectation of encouragement from government, that may adequately indemnify him. We, therefore, respectfully solicit, as the publication is necessary to be disseminated among public bodies that Congress will, in their wisdom render him such additional encouragement, to that which he has obtained from private individuals, as to enable him to proceed with the work, so that your Memorialists may be enabled to purchase copies of that record for themselves.

Thomas M'Kean, John D. Coxe, Charles Heatly, Samfom Levy, T. Ross, Wm. Moore Smith, John Read jun. William Tilghman, John F. Mifflin, Joseph B. M'Kean, John Beckly, W. Sergeant, John Thompson, Jared Ingersoll, Jasper Moylan, William Rawle, J. Thomas, William Levis, James Gibson, M. Keppele, Moses Levy, Robert Porter, George Davis, John Hallowell, James Oldden, Walter Franklin, James Milnor, John C. Wells John L. Leib, Alexander J. Dallas, Joseph Reed, Thomas Willing, Samuel M Fox, John Nixon, Robert Waln Robert H. Dunkin, John Ewing, Jun. Edward Pennington, Hilary Baker, William Nichols, William Young, Robert Campbell Septimus, Claypoole James Crukshank, Mathew Carey, Henry K. Helmuth, Peter De Haven, John Dunlap, Edward Shoemaker, John R. Smith, William Hall, David C. Claypoole, Thomas Armstrong, Samuel H. Smith, John Fenno.

"True copy from the original Memorial, presented to the House of Representatives of the United States, on Monday, the 18th of June 1798:

"WILLIAM LAMBERT, for
"JONATHAN W. CONDY, CLERK."

"RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives, be authorised and directed, to subscribe, on such terms as they may deem eligible, for the use of the Senate and House of Representatives, for four hundred Copies of the Journals of Congress, which are proposed to be published by Richard Folwell and such number of copies of deficient volumes of the sets now in print, as may be necessary to complete the same.

JONATHAN DAYTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES ROSS,
President of the Senate pro tempore.
Approved, March 2d, 1799.
JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.
may 29. 12awtf

Three Cents Reward.

RUN away from the Subscriber on the evening of the 28th inst. a bound Servant GIRL, named Elizabeth Howckel, had on and took with her three different changes of garment and money, proud, bold and impudent, a noted lyar; any person apprehending her shall be entitled to the above reward—no cost or charges will be paid.

N. B, She had 2 years and some months to serve

DANIEL FITZPATRICK.
Goshen Township, Chester County, July 29.
august 6 3awtf

The Swift-Sure,

A NEW LINE OF STAGES,
NOW RUNNING BETWEEN
PHILADELPHIA & NEW-YORK,
By the short and pleasant road of
Bustleton, Newtown, Scotch Plains, Springfield and Newark.

THE excellence of this road, the populousness of the country through which it passes, with sundry other advantages, which render it so far preferable to the Old Road through Bristol, Brunswick, &c. long ago suggested the propriety of its becoming the Grand Thorough-Fare from Philadelphia to New York. During the prelent year, a minute survey of it has been taken, and its superiority over the Old Road, both in winter and summer, has been clearly ascertained.—There are good bridges over all the other waters but the Delaware, and here the crossing is performed with great safety and in less than half the time required at the Trenton Ferry. The road is *several miles shorter* than the old road, but this is amongst the least of its advantages, because daily experience proves to us, that dispatch as well as comfort in travelling principally depend on the goodness of the road and the levelness of the country, and, in these respects, the New Road is, beyond all comparison, the best. It presents none of those rocky hills, which render the Old Road so fatiguing between the Delaware and Newark. The soil, too, for the greater part, is such as to produce but little mud in winter, and very little dust in summer, which circumstance, added to the beauty of the country, and a considerable proportion of shade, must always render travelling in the latter season peculiarly agreeable.

The Swift Sure starts from PHILADELPHIA, at 6 o'clock every morning (Sundays excepted) from the *GREEN TREE*, opposite the Lutheran Church, North Fourth street. It goes through Frankford to Bustleton, where it stops to Breakfast; from Bustletown it goes through Newtown to Penny-town to dinner; from Penny town through Hopewell, Millstone, Bound-brook, Quibbletown and Plainfield to Scotch Plains to lodge. The next morning it stops at Springfield to breakfast, from whence it goes through Newark and arrives at New-York at noon.

From NEW-YORK it starts at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (from Paulus Hook) and arrives at Philadelphia the next evening. For seats at New-York, application may be made to Edward Bardin, Old Coffee house, to A. Mathieu, corner of Nassau and John streets, to B. Many, no. 48, Courtlandt, corner of Greenwich street, and to Michael Little, at his hotel, no. 42, Broad street.

Fare for passengers, *Five Dollars.*
Way passengers 6 *Cents per Mile.*

Each passenger is allowed to take on 14lbs. of baggage carriage free; but all other baggage, taken on by a passenger, will be charged at 4 cents per pound weight.

With respect to packages sent on without passengers, the proprietors presume they have adopted a regulation, which, though unknown to other lines of stages, they think must meet with general approbation, They pledge themselves to make good every package on the following conditions. The person who delivers the package at the office shall see it entered in the stage-book, for which entry he shall pay 6 cents; he will then state the value of the package, and pay (exclusive of the carriage) one per cent. on the value, as insurance, and for which he will receive a receipt. Thus, for instance, if he estimates his package at one dollar, he will pay one cent. and if at one hundred dollars, he will pay one dollar insurance, and in like proportion for packages of any other value.

Very few persons it is presumed, will dislike this regulation; it will however, be optionable with every one to avail himself of this security or not. But the proprietors think it right to state very explicitly, that they will be responsible for the safe delivery of no package, which is not regularly entered, and for which an insurance receipt cannot be produced.

In the distribution of the route, the greatest care has bren taken to fix on such places and taverns as always afford a good accommodation and entertainment for the passengers at the most reasonable rates The stages are well equipped furnished with fleet and steady horses, and committed to the care of intelligent sober and obliging drivers. The proprietors themselves live at the different towns and villages where the stages will stop, so that the conduct of the persons they employ is continually an object of their attention.—They take care also to see that the passengers are well provided for and politely treated at the taverns, and that no sort of chicanery or insolence is practised upon them; in short, they have spared neither pains nor expence to render the SWIFT-SURE the very best line of stages in America.

The line has now run nearly a month, during which time a great number of gentlemen have gone through, both from Philadelphia and New-York. Every passenger has found the road to surpass very far all that has been said of its excellence; and the Proprietors of the Swift Sure are extremely happy to hear the behaviou, of their drivers, and the treatment at Taverns spoken of with the highest satisfaction.

JOHN M'CALLA, Philadelphia
THOS. PAUL, Bustleton
JOSEPH THORNTON,
NICHOLAS WYNKOOP, } *Newtown.*
JACOB KESLER,
JOHN MOREHEAD, Pennytown.
T. KILLMAN, near Millstone.
ELIAS COMBES, Bound Brook.
R. SANSBURY, Scotch Plains.
ISAAC RAWLE,
ROBERT PEARSON, } *Springfield.*
eodtf.
June 22.

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO.*